कार्यक्रम पर व्यय में कमी के कारण उस राज्य की केन्द्रीय-सहायता में पिछले तीन वर्षों के दौरान निम्न रूप से कटौती कर दी गई थी:—

वर्ष	राशि (लाख रुपए में)
1988-89	—
1989-90	29.39
1990-91	127.54

(ग) और (घ) उत्तर प्रदेश की केन्द्रीय सहायता में कटौती 1989-90 में प्रौढ़ शिक्षा और चिकित्सा तथा जन स्वास्थ्य के लिए न्यूनतम आवयकता कार्यक्रम पर 1988-89 के लिए उनके अनुमोदित परिव्ययों के प्रति व्यय में कमी तथा 1990-91 में नागरिक आपूर्ति और पोषण के लिए न्यूनतम आवश्यकता कार्यक्रम में 1989-90 के लिए उनके अनुमोदित परिव्यय के प्रति विभागीय व्यय में कमी के कारण हुई।

मौजूदा अनुदेशों के कारण जहां कहीं भी न्यूनतम आवश्यकता कार्यक्रम-परिव्ययों के व्यय में कमी रह जाए केन्द्रीय सहायता में आनुपातिक कटौती कर दी जाती है।

Charges for electricity connections by DESU

*453. SHRI SYED SIBTEY RAZI: Will the Minister of POWER AND NON-CONVENTIONAL ENERGY SOURCES be pleased to state:

(a) whether DESU has been releasing different categories of electricity connections;

(b) if so, what are the names of such connections with formalities required along with charges in each case;

(c) whether consumption charges for each category of connection are quite different from each other;

(d) if so, what are the details thereof;

(e) whether some minimum charges have also been fixed in case of non-consumption of electricity; and

(f) if so, the details thereof, category-wise, per month?

THE MINISTER OF STATE OF THE MINISTRY OF POWER AND NON-CONVENTIONAL ENERGY SOURCES (SHRI KALP NATH RAI): (a) to (f) The commercial and other formalities required to be fulfilled by the applicants for release of different categories of connections by DESU *inter alia* include submission of proof of lawful occupancy of the premises, sanctioned building plan, test report, valid municipal licence (for industrial and commercial connections.), necessary completion/No Objection Certificate for multistoreyed buildings (more than four stories), etc. The rates of security deposits per KW (for loads upto 100 KW) arc Rs. 150/- for domestic, Rs. 250/- for non-domestic, Rs. 100/-. for industrial and agricultural connections and Rs. 250/- for Mixed Loan (HT) and Rs. 100/- for Large Industrial Power Connections (for loads above 100 KW). Besides this, the Service Line Charges depending on the requirements of load, lengths of overhead/underground lines etc. are also payable. The consumption charges/ minimum charges for different categories of connections are given in the statement:

Statement

S. No.	Category of Consumer	Tariff* with effect from 1.3.91 (in paise) per unit	Minimum consumption charges.
1	2	3	4
1.	Domestic	40 (first 100 Units) 50 (next 100 Units) 150 (next 100 Units) 200 (above 300 Units)	Rs. 10/- per month per KW or part thereof for load below 5 KW.

1	-	3	4
2.	Domestic (Power) at separate 200 delivery point		Rs. 20/- per month per KW or part thereof for all loads of & above 5 KW.
3.	*Non-Domestic* (i) Low Tension	150	Rs. 50/- per KW or part thereof per month.
	(ii) High Tension	170	Rs. 60/- per KVA as demand charges.
4.	Water Supply	137	
5.	*Industrial* (i) Small Industrial Power (SIP)	125	For energy consumption upto 200 300 Units per KW on part thereof per month.
	(ii) Large Industrial Power (LIP)	200	Rs. 60/- per KVA as demand charges.
6.	Street Lighting	137	Rs. 30/- per month per point as maintenance charges.
7.	Agriculture	20	

*Excluding Electricity Duty levied by the Municipal Corporation of Delhi. NOTE: The Demand Charges in respect of induction/Arc Furnaces are Rs. 340 per KVA or part thereof per month.

Rise in Prices of Shares due to withholding by FIs

*454. PROF. SAURIN BHATTA-CHARYA: Will the Minister of FINANCE be pleased to state:

(a) whether Government have taken into account the impact being created on country's economy due to abnormal rise in prices of snares, particularly of multinational companies operating in India;

(b) whether the prices of these shares and other corporate bodies in various stock exchanges have increased due to withholding of the same in huge blocks by the public financial institutions;

(c) whether the RBI has issued any guidelines about the investment procedures in shares to these financial institutions; and

(d) if so, what are the details thereof?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF FINANCE (SHRI RAMESHWAR THAKUR): (a) and (b) Government have taken note of the general increase in the prices of shares of companies including the prices of shares of multinational companies operating in India. The increase was mainly on account of expectations of investors generated by the rise in the level of foreign exchange reserves and the improvement of overall economic environment. The low floating stock in the market and excess of funds flowing into the stock market also contributed significantly to this increase. While the holding the shares with the financial institutions is sizeable, there is no indication to suggest that the spurt in prices of shares was due to withholding of shares in huge blocks by these institutions.

(c) No Sir.

(d) Does not arise in view of the reply to (c) above.